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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION N	
10/658,528	09/10/2003	09/10/2003 Cary James Miller		1959
	7590 03/09/200 CHIN ROSENMAN LI	EXAMINER		
(C/O PATENT	ADMINISTRATOR)	ALEXANDER, LYLE		
	T NW, SUITE 200 N, DC 20007-5118		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			1797	
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE
			03/09/2009	PAPER

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary		Α	pplication No.		Applicant(s)			
		,	10/658,528		MILLER ET AL.			
		E	xaminer		Art Unit			
		L	yle A. Alexander		1797			
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commun or Reply	ication appea	rs on the cover s	heet with the c	orrespondence ac	ddress		
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M nsions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this comn period for reply is specified above, the maximum st re to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	IAILING DATI of 37 CFR 1.136(a nunication. atutory period will a will, by statute, cau	E OF THIS COM i). In no event, however apply and will expire SIX use the application to be	MUNICATION r, may a reply be tim ((6) MONTHS from the come ABANDONED	I. ely filed the mailing date of this of (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status								
1)[\	Responsive to communication(s) file	ad on 13 Janu	any 2009					
•	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13 January 2009</u> . This action is FINAL . 2b)⊠ This action is non-final.							
3)		<i>,</i> —		al matters pro	secution as to the	e merits is		
٥,١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Dispositi	on of Claims	·	•					
-		ling in the and	nlication					
	Claim(s) <u>1-24,63 and 64</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
	5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) <u>1-24,63 and 64</u> is/are rejected.							
·	Claim(s) is/are objected to.	ica.						
•	Claim(s) are subject to restrict	ction and/or el	lection requireme	ent				
		Stion and/or ci	oction requirem	one.				
Applicati	on Papers							
-	The specification is objected to by th							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are:	: a) <mark> </mark>	ed or b) dobjed	ted to by the E	xaminer.			
	Applicant may not request that any obje	ction to the dra	wing(s) be held in	abeyance. See	37 CFR 1.85(a).			
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including		-			, ,		
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119							
 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some coll None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 								
2) Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (F nation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)	Pa 5) No	erview Summary per No(s)/Mail Da btice of Informal Pa her:	te			
Pape	r No(s)/Mail Date		6) 🔲 Ot	ner:				

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-24 and 63-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The original specification does not require the slidably moving sealing element to be placed over the orifice prior to insertion into the reader as presently claimed.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The text of those sections of Title 35, U.S. Code not included in this action can be found in a prior Office action.

Claims 1-24 and 63-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Zelin (USP 5,821,399) in view of Yokota et al. (USP 5,846,490).

Zelin teach a method and apparatus for the testing of biological fluids. Figures 2-5 teach a device comprising a housing comprising at least one planar surface, a fluid addition orifice in fluid communication with an internal holding chamber, a capillary that stops the added fluid from entering the analysis chamber until it is actuated which has been read on the claimed "expelling a metered portion of the sample through the capillary stop." The insertion of the device(10) into the reader(150) performs the

claimed function of "... displaces any excess fluid sample away from the orifice, seals the fluid sample within the holding chamber ...".

Zelin is silent to wiping away excess sample prior to placement of the cartridge into the reading device.

Yokota et al. teach in column 2 lines 17-25 it is conventional to remove the excess liquid from a test device prior to placing the device in an analyzer. This is advantages because excess sample spiiled inside the analyzer could contaminate subsequent tests and skew the results. Additionally, excess sample in the analyzer could damage the analyzer.

It would have been within the skill of the art to modify Zelin in view of Yokota et al. and remove the excess fluid prior to inserting into the analyzer to gain the above advantages.

Zelin in view of Yokota et al. are silent to the claimed plastic and the claimed volumes.

The court decided <u>In re Boesch</u> (205 USPQ215) that optimization of a result effective variable is ordinarily within the skill of the art. A result effective variable is one that has well known and predictable results. The selection of a particular plastic or the volume of analysis are both result effective variable that have well known and expected results. Plastics are well known for being inert, inexpensive, lightweight and durable. The selection of the analysis volume is based upon the sample easily obtainable and the minimization of reagent to minimize the cost of each test.

It would have been within the skill of the art to further modify Zelin and use a polyester, ABS or acetal plastic as optimization of a result effective variable and to gain the above advantages. It would have been within the skill of the art to further modify Zelin and use the claimed volumes of 5-50 microliters as well as the claimed orifice in the range of 1-2 mm as optimization of a result effective variable and to gain the above advantages.

Claims 1-24 and 63-64 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Davis et al. (USP 7,419,821).

Davis et al. is available as prior art because the inventive entity is different even though there is one invention in common. Davis et al. teach the same structure as presently claimed. The method is best summarized in column 20-21 lines 58-3 respectively which is indistinguishable from that presently claimed.

Davis et al. are silent to wiping away excess sample prior to placement of the cartridge into the reading device.

Yokota et al. teach in column 2 lines 17-25 it is conventional to remove the excess liquid from a test device prior to placing the device in an analyzer. This is advantages because excess sample spilled inside the analyzer could contaminate subsequent tests and skew the results. Additionally, excess sample in the analyzer could damage the analyzer.

It would have been within the skill of the art to modify Davis et al. in view of Yokota et al. and remove the excess fluid prior to inserting into the analyzer to gain the above advantages.

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Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to the claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Lyle A. Alexander whose telephone number is 571-272-1254. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday, Tuesday and Thursday.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jill Warden can be reached on 571-272-1267. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

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/Lyle A Alexander/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 1797